

# American Legion Baseball

# **2013** Rule Book



THE AMERICAN LEGION

## **2013** AMERICAN LEGION BASEBALL RULES

# **KEY** RULE CHANGES & CLARIFICATIONS

2013 rule changes = rule changes in red

Junior Legion Baseball = rules in green

American Legion Baseball (both senior and junior Legion teams) shall be played in accordance with rules adopted by the National Americanism Commission of The American Legion. All departments (state) and national tournaments will follow the **Official Baseball Rules** as authorized by the Commissioner of Major League Baseball with exceptions noted below.

Changes to the Official Baseball Rules may be made by the National Americanism Commission and are noted in Rule 1 of The American Legion Baseball rules. These rules generally pertain to matters of safety, equipment and insurance and are made with the welfare of the players in mind.

These rules may be further modified by departments (states) for regular season play only and cannot conflict with national rules. All league and district rules must be annually reviewed and approved by the Department Baseball Committee. No league or district rule may conflict with a department or national rule.

During the regular season, departments may allow senior and junior teams to play seven-inning games with a 10-run mercy rule after five innings of play or  $4\frac{1}{2}$  innings if the home team has the last at-bat.

All national tournaments will follow rules established by The American Legion's National Americanism Commission.

Both senior and junior teams shall follow these rules with a few exceptions for Junior Legion Baseball, which are marked in green.

Senior American Legion Baseball shall be a 19-and-younger program.

Junior American Legion Baseball shall be a 17-and-younger program.

## PLAYING REGULATIONS RULE 1

A. Bat Rule.

- 1. Wood bat. The bat must be smooth, rounded stick not more that 2<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inches in diameter at its thickest part nor more than 42 inches in length. An indentation in the end of the bat up to 1 inch in depth is permitted (cupped bats).
- 2. Non-wood bats. Metal, ceramic, composite or graphite bats may be used provided they do not exceed 36 inches in length and the maximum diameter is 2<sup>5</sup>/8 inches.
- 3. Any non-wood bat must have the BBCOR certification code marked on the barrel of the bat.
- 4. Any non-wood bat that does not display the approved certification mark or in the umpire's judgment has been altered shall be removed from the game, and the player and team manager shall be ejected.
- **B.** Blood Rule. If a player suffers from a laceration or other injury where blood is visible, the game shall be stopped at the earliest possible time and the athlete treated immediately. If the injury requires extensive treatment, a substitute shall replace the injured player. (Umpires are directed to give a reasonable amount of time to allow all injured players to be treated.) No re-entry is allowed.
- **C.** Catcher's Equipment. Catchers are required to wear a safety helmet, throat protector and protective cup, in addition to normal catcher's equipment:

- 1. All catcher's masks must have a built-in or attachable throat guard. Umpires and tournament officials shall halt the game until this rule is complied with.
- 2. While warming up a pitcher, either in or out of the bullpen, a catcher must wear a mask. Any player who refuses to do so shall be ejected from the game.
- **D.** Coaches. Only those players and coaches listed on the team's National (Electronic) Registration Form #1 are permitted on the coaching lines.
- E. Courtesy Runners. During the regular season and post-season, American Legion teams shall not use courtesy runners.
- F. Collisions. The intent of this rule is to encourage base runners and defensive players to avoid collisions whenever possible.
  - 1. When there is a collision between a runner and a fielder who clearly is in possession of the ball, the umpire shall judge:

a) Whether the collision by the runner was avoidable (could the runner have reached the base without colliding) or unavoidable (the runner's path to the base was blocked), orb) Whether the runner was actually attempting to reach the base (plate) or attempting to dislodge the ball from the fielder.

PENALTY – If the runner, a) could have avoided the collision and reached the base, or b) attempted to dislodge the ball, the runner shall be declared out, even if the fielder loses possession of the ball. The ball is dead and all base runners shall return to the last base touched at the time of the interference.

Ruling 1 – If the fielder blocks the path of the base runner to the base (plate), the runner may make contact, slide into or collide with a fielder as long as the runner is making a legitimate attempt to reach the base or plate.

Ruling 2 – If the collision by the runner was flagrant, the runner shall be declared out and ejected from the contest. The ball shall be declared dead.

2. If the defensive player blocks the base (plate) or base line without the ball, obstruction shall be called. The runner is safe and a delayed dead ball shall be called.

Ruling – If the runner collides flagrantly, he shall be declared safe on the obstruction but will be ejected from the contest. The ball is dead.

#### Clarification

Any player who, in the judgment of the umpire, maliciously contacts another player is automatically ejected and, if the offender is a runner, is declared out. The American Legion is concerned that some coaches may not have explained to their players that malicious contact is illegal. The majority of intentional collisions occur at home plate where the catcher is blocking the plate. Runners should be instructed to slide directly to the plate or away from the catcher to avoid making contact with the catcher, especially when the defender is in possession of the ball. Umpires have been instructed that, if there is any intentional and excessive force or if there is any intent to injure another player, the offending player shall be ejected from the game. The malicious contact penalty will be enforced whether committed by an offensive or defensive player. Any player ejected by an umpire is automatically removed from the tournament, unless the tournament director reinstates that player. G. Designated Hitter (DH) Rule. All senior national tournaments shall use the American League designated hitter rule as published in Official Baseball Rules.

The Junior Legion Baseball program will use the same DH rule as the senior program.

- H. Force-Play-Slide Rule. The intent of the force-play-slide rule is to ensure the safety of all players. This is a safety as well as an interference rule. Whether the defense could have completed the double play has no bearing on the applicability of this rule. This rule pertains to a force-play situation at any base, regardless of the number of outs.
  - 1. On any force play, the runner must slide on the ground and in a direct line between the two bases. It is permissible for the slider's momentum to carry him through the base in the baseline extended. (See diagram at right.) Fielder is protected in gray area.

#### **Exception** – A runner need not

slide directly into a base as long as the runner slides or runs in a direction away from the fielder to avoid making contact or altering the play of the fielder. Interference will not be called. a) "On the ground" means either a head-first slide or a slide with one leg and buttock on the ground. b) "Directly into a base" means the runner's entire body (feet, legs, trunk and arms) must stay in a straight line between the bases.

#### **Clarification** 1

If a runner goes into a base standing up and does not make contact or alter the play of the defensive player, interference shall not be called.

#### **Clarification 2**

If the runner goes into a base standing up and is safe or out, but he makes contact with or alters the play of the defensive player, interference shall be called.

2. Contact with a fielder is legal, and interference shall not be called if the runner makes a legal slide directly to the base and in the baseline extended.

#### Clarification

If contact occurs on top of the base as a result of a "pop-up" slide, this contact is legal.

- 3. Actions by a runner are illegal and interference shall be called if:
  - a) The runner slides or runs out of the base line in the direction of the fielder and alters the play of the fielder (with or without contact).
  - b)The runner uses a rolling or cross-body slide and either makes contact with or alters the play of the fielder.
  - c) The runner's raised leg makes contact higher than the fielder's knee when in a standing position.
  - d) The runner slashes or kicks the fielder with either leg; or
  - e) The runner illegally slides toward or contacts the fielder even if the fielder makes no attempt to throw to complete a play.

#### PENALTY for a-e

1. With less than two outs, the batter-runner, as well as the interfering runner, shall be declared out and no other runner(s) shall advance.

2. With two outs, the interfering runner shall be declared out and not other runner(s) shall advance.

3. If the runner's slide or collision is flagrant, the runner shall be ejected from the game.

Clarification

If the bases are loaded with no outs, a double-play attempt is made and interference is called, all other runners must return to their original bases.

- I. First-Aid Kit. Each team must have a first-aid kit in the dugout at each game.
- J. Games per day. No team shall be required to play more than two games in one day. Playing days will begin at 8 a.m., local time.
- K. Helmets. All players are required to wear a double-flapped, ear-protective helmet while batting, running the bases and on deck.
  - 1. Bat boys or girls must wear a double-flapped, ear-protective helmet while on the field.
  - All batting helmets must have the National Operating Committee on Standards for Athletic Equipment (NOCSAE) seal of approval stamped on the helmet, and such seal must be visible on the outside of the helmet.
  - 3. Base coaches are required to wear a standard batting helmet, with or without earflaps (safety rule: ejection for non-compliance after one warning). Batters are required to wear a standard batting helmet with earflaps.

Clarification

Any helmet that has a crack, or inside padding that is worn or missing, cannot be used and must be removed from the game.

- L. Insurance. Every American Legion Baseball team (both junior and senior) must purchase both group liability and accident insurance from The American Legion's agent of record (S.A. Van Dyk, Inc.). Coverage must be purchased on or before May 15. Violation of this rule will result in the disqualification from any further competition.
- **M.** National Senior Tournament Rules. The Americanism and Children & Youth Division may prescribe such rules for the playing of any national tournament as it considers necessary. Copies of those rules are available from the tournament director.
  - 1. National Junior Tournaments. There shall be no nationally supervised post-season tournaments for the Junior Legion Baseball program. The National Americanism Commission understands that several departments host tournaments and that there are several regional "invitational" tournaments; however, these tournaments are supervised by the host department. A copy of the Senior Legion Baseball Tournament Rules and Policies can be obtained from the department chairman or downloaded online at www.legion.org/baseball. Junior Legion Baseball tournaments shall follow the tournament procedures and policies, and Official Baseball Rules (OBR) of the Senior Legion Baseball program.
- **N. On-Deck Equipment.** Equipment permitted in the on-deck area includes bats, weighted and unweighted, and devices designed to attach to and remain part of the bat, such as weights and wind-resistant foils. Sledge hammers, weighted pipes and other "homemade" heavy items are not permitted. Devices deemed unsafe by the umpires and/or tournament director cannot be used.
- **O.** Senior Legion Pitching. No player may pitch more than a total of 12 innings during any consecutive three-day period. No player may make more than four appearances as a pitcher during any consecutive three-day period. PENALTY The game shall be forfeited if a protest is filed with the umpire-in-chief before the last out of the game.

- 1. Should a double or triple play cause a pitcher to exceed the permitted 12 innings in three consecutive days, that action in and of itself shall not be construed as a violation of this rule.
- 2. Any player may be removed from the pitching position and remain in the game at another position. Official Baseball Rules require a pitcher to be removed when a coach makes two trips to the mound in the same inning. PENALTY – Forfeiture of the game if a protest is filed with the umpire-in-chief before the last out of the game.

#### Clarification

For this rule violation, the official scorekeeper must record  $12 \frac{1}{3}$  innings.

3. Rule 1.M shall be used in all district, area, zone, state and national tournaments.

#### Clarification

At all national regional and world series tournaments, any game suspended by the on-site tournament director will become a suspended game and will be completed from the point of suspension.

When a game is suspended on one day and completed the following day(s), the pitcher will be charged for the innings pitched that day. Any innings pitched by that pitcher the next or following day(s) will be charged to that next or following day(s). If a pitcher pitches six innings on Day 1 and three on Day 2, following a suspended game, he may only pitch three additional innings on Day 3. One appearance will be charged unless there is a change of pitchers.

Junior Legion Baseball Pitching: No player may pitch more than a total of 10 innings during any consecutive three-day period. No player may make more than three appearances as a pitcher during any consecutive three-day period. PENALTY – The game shall be forfeited if a protest is filed with the umpire-in-chief before the last out of the game.

- 1. Should a double or triple play cause a pitcher to exceed the permitted 10 innings in three consecutive days, that action in and of itself shall not be construed as a violation of this rule.
- 2. Any player may be removed from the pitching position and remain in the game at another position. However, a pitcher will be automatically removed when a coach makes two trips to the mound in the same inning, and that player cannot return as a pitcher in that game. PENALTY Forfeiture of the game if a protest is filed with the umpire-in-chief before the last out of the game.

#### Clarification

For the purpose of this rule violation, the official scorekeeper must record 101/3 innings.

- 3. Rule 1.M shall be used in all district, area, zone and state tournaments.
- 4. The junior program shall use the same suspended game rule as the senior program. However, in the junior program, a pitcher is only permitted to pitch 10 innings in three days.
- P. Re-entry Rule. American Legion teams shall not use a re-entry rule during regular or post-season play.
- **Q.** Tobacco. The use of any form of tobacco by a player, coach, manager or umpire while on the playing field, benches, in the bullpen or dugouts is prohibited. Any individual violating this rule will be ejected from the game.

#### R. 10-Run Rule.

- 1. During the regular season, the department committee may grant permission to both junior and senior teams/leagues to use a 10-run rule for league games and invitational tournaments.
- 2. All senior American Legion tournaments shall use a 10-run rule after seven innings, unless the home team is ahead by 10 runs or more after 6½ innings, at which time that game will be halted.
- 3. All junior American Legion tournaments shall use a 10-run rule after five innings, unless the home team is ahead by 10 runs or more after 4½ innings, at which time that game will be halted.
- **S.** Uniforms. Players and coaches must be in uniforms of the same color and style when competing in department (state) and national tournaments.
  - 1. Any player, coach or manager who does not have an American Legion Baseball insignia on either the left sleeve or left chest of his uniform shirt will be removed from the game.
  - 2. The front of the uniform shirt may carry lettering that identifies the post, department, town city, community or sponsor that the team represents. Such lettering must be acceptable to the sponsoring department.

#### Clarification

It is permissible at all levels of American Legion baseball for coaches and players to wear courtesy jackets (wind shirts, jackets or alternate jerseys). However, a uniform top must still be worn under these jackets. Coaches and players not in proper uniform will be restricted to the dugouts.

### PLAYER ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS RULE 2

A. Player Age. Senior American Legion Baseball competition in 2013 is open only to players born on or after January 1, 1994.

Junior American Legion Baseball competition in 2013 is open only to players born on or after January 1, 1996. Junior Legion Baseball shall be limited to ages 17 and younger. Any player born in 1995 or 1994 is NOT eligible to play in the Junior Legion Baseball program. Any player born on or after January 1, 2001, is not eligible to play American Legion Baseball.

2015 Player Eligibility Requirements – Senior American Legion Baseball competition in 2015 will be open to those student athletes who were enrolled as junior high or high school students during the school term immediately preceding the league season. High school students who graduated early during the school term are eligible to compete if they are not enrolled in a college, university, trade school or other institution of higher learning before the start of department regular season play.

Junior American Legion Baseball competition in 2015 will be open only to players born on or after January 1, 1998. Junior Legion Baseball shall be limited to ages 17 and younger. Any player born before January 1, 1997, is not eligible to play in the Junior Legion Baseball program.

Note: This rule will take effect for the 2015 season per Resolution No. 46, "American Legion Baseball Eligibility," passed by the National Executive Committee on October 13, 2011.

- B. Player's Domicile. A player's legal domicile shall be established before March 31, 2013.
  - 1. A player's domicile shall be his parent's or permanent court-appointed guardian's permanent and legal domicile.

#### Clarification

Temporary guardianship does not apply unless a court having jurisdiction over such matters has determined the parents to be incapable of supervision and care until the player reaches the age of majority (18).

Emancipated college or university players are required to play for the team nearest their parent's domicile or the team they last played for. The American Legion does not allow emancipated players to be "free agents."

- 2. If the parents are divorced by a court order, that player may play for a team of either parent's legal and permanent domicile provided:
  - a) The player must declare, in writing, the team of his choice and file that declaration with the department chairman prior to the department closing date. The player's declaration shall be final and valid for the remainder of the player's eligibility.

#### Clarification

The enrollment of the school in which a player is enrolled on March 31 shall be counted. The completion of National Form #2 shall be proof of the player's choice. Once a player is deemed qualified and plays for a team under Rule 2.B.2, that player is not eligible to qualify for Rule 4.D (Transfer Rule). The player's eligibility is tied to that team.

- 3. In the event that both parents are deceased or incapable of caring for and supervising the player during minority, the player's domicile will be determined by the domicile of the permanent legal guardian appointed by the courts having jurisdiction to make such an appointment.
- 4. 2012 Graduated Students: Players/students who graduated from high school in 2012 shall have additonal eligibility restrictions.
  - a.) Players who graduated in 2012 shall play for The American Legion team they played for during the 2012 season. Players who graduated in 2012 shall not be eligible to be transferred (Form 76 or Form 77) and their names must appear on a 2012 team roster.
- 5. In situations not covered by the provision of this rule, the department chairman will, with the concurrence of the National Appeals Board, determine the player's legal domicile for the purpose of his participation in The American Legion Baseball Program. Such decisions shall be in writing and filed with National Headquarters.
- **C. Professional Baseball Contract.** Players who are 18 years of age may be signed to a professional baseball contract in accordance with the rules of professional baseball.
- **D.** Amateur Rule. Only amateurs shall participate as players in American Legion Baseball. To be considered an amateur, players must not:
  - 1. Receive money, favors or gratuities, direct or indirect, for playing baseball.
  - 2. Accept money or favors for reimbursement for time lost at work while playing or for expenses incurred while playing.
  - 3. Participate in an all-star baseball game that is not approved by the authorized department official.
  - 4. Accept, directly or indirectly, money or any favors from anyone for their baseball services, past or present. This also applies to a player's parents, trustees, guardians, etc.

#### Clarification

It is important that teams select and register players who will complete their obligation to their American Legion team. Any player who signs a professional contract cannot be replaced on National Form #1.

5. Try out for any professional team without the written permission of their American Legion Baseball coach or post commander.

**Note:** Departments, districts or posts planning an all-star game should contact their state high school athletic association to ensure that each player's high school eligibility is protected.

- E. Proof of Age. The American Legion will accept as proof of age:
  - 1. Records of birth that are an original or a certified document by the State Bureau of Vital Statistics, Department of Health or other governmental agency authorized to certify birth documents.
    - a) Notarized photocopies of birth certificates, hospital records, baptismal records, school records or certificates are not acceptable proof of age and will disqualify a player and/or the team.
  - 2. A state-issued driver's license that complies with the Federal Real ID Law, or a state-issued ID that is also in compliance with the Federal Real ID Law.
  - 3. A U. S. government-issued passport.
  - 4. A U. S. government-issued military ID card or dependent ID card.
  - 5. An American Legion Baseball ID card issued by those departments. The American Legion Baseball ID card shall be purchased from the national office and shall be laminated and recognized by the embossed sportsmanship code on the back of the card.
  - 6. In case of foreign birth, a player will present any certificate or document duly issued to the bearer by the Department of Homeland Security or by the Department of State that shows the birth date of the bearer. Official birth certificates issued by a foreign country are acceptable when accompanied by a letter with an English translation, and such birth certificate must have an official seal.
  - 7. A court-certified copy of that portion of permanent legal adoption papers showing the place and date of a player's birth shall be acceptable in cases involving adopted players.

## PLAYER RECRUITING PLAN A RULE 3

Plan A recruiting rules are based on zones and are usually designed for large cities or areas where Plan B (base school recruiting) would be impractical. Plan A rules require a specific area to be drawn on a map. Secondary school enrollments (grades 10, 11 and 12 for both the senior and junior Legion teams) in that area are then added together and divided by 5,000 (enrollment cap) to determine the number of zones within an area. For example, if there are 10,257 students in a specific area, the number is divided by 5,000, which equals 2.05. This will require a minimum of three zones to be established within that area. Players, including emancipated players whose parents' domiciles are within a zone, must play for the team in that zone unless properly waived to an adjacent zone. All zoning is subject to approval by the National Americanism Commission.

- A. Zoning. Zoning of cities, counties and/or school districts may be requested by a team(s).
  - 1. The department baseball committee shall review and approve requests for such zoning. It shall be the responsibility of the department baseball committee to forward zone maps for final approval to the National Americanism and Children & Youth Division before April 15, 2013.
  - 2. A detailed street map showing specific boundaries, as well as the locations and enrollment figures of all high schools, must accompany such requests.
  - 3. If a team's boundaries are changed, a new map and letter of explanation must be submitted for approval prior to April 15, 2013.

- **B.** Player Recruiting. A post may select players whose parent's domicile was established in their zone on or before March 31, 2013, and players whose parents have moved and established a new domicile in their zone after March 31, 2013.
  - 1. Players not selected to play with the team in their zone may play for the next nearest Plan A team provided they have a written transfer (Form #76) from the team manager in their zone.
  - 2. Players in their final year of eligibility whose parents have established a new domicile shall have the option of playing for their old team or playing for the new team of their parent's new domicile. A written request must be filed with, and approved by, the department chairman prior to listing the player on National Form #1. This request must be accompanied by the parent's affidavit stating that the move is permanent and listing the previous and present domicile addresses.
  - 3. In the event a new team is formed and new zones are established that change a player's eligibility, those players previously registered on National Form #1 are permitted a one-time option of playing for the team of their old zone or playing for the team of their new zone.
    - a) Zones must be adjacent to each other.
    - b) Transfers are permitted only in the senior program when the combined enrollment of each zone is fewer than 5,000.
    - c) Transfers in the senior or junior program shall be for a single season and shall expire on December 31, 2013.
    - d) The department baseball chairman must approve all transfers prior to listing the player on National Form #1.
    - e) A written request for a transfer must be filed with, and approved by, an authorized baseball official prior to listing the player on the National Form #1. (This request must be accompanied by the parent's affidavit stating that the move is permanent and listing the previous and present domicile addresses.)
  - 4. A written request must be filed with, and approved by, the department baseball chairman prior to listing the player on National Form #1.

## PLAYER RECRUITING PLAN B RULE 4

Plan B base school recruiting allows both senior and junior Legion Baseball teams to select players who attend nearby high schools. High schools are combined to form a recruiting area. A player, whose parent's domicile is nearest a base school, is eligible to try out and play for the team if the player meets all other eligibility requirements and the combined enrollment of the recruiting area (combination of schools) does not exceed **5,000** students in the 10th, 11th and 12th grades.

**Note:** Plan B recruiting rules are more flexible but more complex than the Plan A (zoning) rules. Study these rules carefully.

- A. Base school. All teams must have a base school.
  - 1. New teams must request and receive approval for a base school from the department baseball committee at the time the team registers with the department baseball committee.
  - 2. Existing teams may request to change their base school. This request must be in writing and approved by the department baseball committee prior to submitting National Form #1.
  - 3. If two or more teams are sponsored by the same American Legion post or outside sponsor, the department baseball committee will assign the base school for each team.

- **B.** Player Recruiting. Teams may select players who are enrolled on March 31, 2013, in any public, private, technical, vocational, regional or preparatory high school, or any combination.
  - 1. Existing teams may request a new combination of schools from the department baseball committee; however, approval must be given prior to listing any player on National Form #1.
  - 2. Teams may not recruit a player(s) from another team's base school.

#### Clarification

- 1. Teams may select non-base school players whose parents' or guardians' domiciles are nearest the team's base school. To determine the nearest team, use the shortest driving distance as calculated by MapQuest (www.mapquest.com).
- 2. Teams may select player(s) who qualify under Rule 4.C.
- 3. Senior and Junior American Legion player(s) who qualify under Rule 4.D.
  - a) Combined total enrollment of the schools cannot exceed 5,000 for 10th, 11th and 12th grades.
- 4. Enrollment is determined using the number of 10th, 11th and 12th grade students officially recorded on March 31, 2013, by the state board of education or other state agency that has jurisdiction over school enrollment. Note: Every student registered shall be counted, including special education students, physically challenged students, bilingual students, and students older than 19.
- 5. When single high school enrollment exceeds 5,000 students, the team that has such a school as its base school shall not recruit from any other school.

#### Clarification

The enrollment of the high school the player attends will be counted. Emancipated players such as college or university students or players no longer in high school must play for the team nearest their parent's or guardian's domicile or for the team they last played. Teams shall count the enrollment of the last high school attended. The school enrollment for middle schools, junior high schools and high school freshmen classes shall not be counted.

- **C. Option Rule.** Players attending a high school (including 9th-grade freshmen) outside a team's recruiting area, may have the option of playing for the team nearest the high school the player attends or playing for the team nearest the parent's legal domicile. To determine the nearest team, use the shortest driving distance as calculated by MapQuest.
  - 1. The player must complete National Declaration Form #77, on which the player declares in writing the team for which he wishes to play.
    - a) Such election shall be for the 2013 season and shall expire on December 31, 2013.
  - 2. The team manager must forward Form #77 to the department baseball chairman prior to listing the player on National Form #1.

#### Clarification

The enrollment of the high school the player attends will be counted. Emancipated players and players enrolled in college must play for the team they played for during the 2012 season. Any player who graduated in 2012 must play for the team they played for last season. College players are not eligible for a transfer or option (Rule 4.C).

- **D.** Transfer Rule. A player released from a team must obtain permission on National Transfer Form #76 from that team's manager to play for the team closest to his parent's domicile.
  - 1. To determine the nearest team from among several, use the shortest driving distance as calculated by MapQuest.

2. The player must provide signed Transfer Form #76 (available online at **www.legion.org/baseball**) to the new team manager, which must be forwarded to the authorized department baseball official for approval, prior to listing the player on Form #1. All transfers shall be for one year. All transfers shall expire on December 31, 2013.

#### Clarification

A player who was enrolled in high school on March 31 who tries out for and fails to make the nearest team can request a transfer to the second closest team to their parent's domicile. If cut again, that player may try out for the third closest team until such time as the player is able to play on a team. The enrollment of the high school a player attends on March 31 shall be counted. Junior Legion players are eligible to be transferred. Transfers shall expire on December 31, 2013.

- 3. Players who graduated from high school in 2012 are not eligible to be transferred.
- 4. Any transfers across state lines require mutual written permission of both department chairmen.
- 5. Players who have qualified and played for a Legion team under Rule 4.C are not eligible for a transfer under Rule 4.D.
- 6. Junior Legion players are eligible to be transferred. Such election shall be for one year only and shall expire on December 31, 2013.
- **E.** School Enrollment Expansion. Players who are unable to complete eligibility because enrollment expansion eliminated their schools from previously approved combinations may continue on the teams for which they last played, provided no new players are recruited from their school.
  - 1. Written permission for a player to continue under these circumstances must be obtained from the department baseball chairman prior to listing the player on National Form #1.
  - 2. Teams cannot form different combinations of schools.
- F. Change of Address. Players who realize a permanent change in their parent's or guardian's domicile shall be eligible to compete for the team nearest their parent's new domicile.
  - 1. A notarized statement from the player's parents must list previous address and new permanent address. Written permission must be obtained from the authorized department baseball official in which the new team is located, prior to listing the player on National Form #1. If released, a player may be transferred to the next nearest team as provided for in Rule 4.D (transfer rule).
  - 2. The enrollment of their previous high school as of March 31, 2013 shall be counted.
- **G.** Final Year of Eligibility. Senior Legion baseball players who have one year of eligibility remaining, whose parents move out of the team's recruiting area, shall have an option of playing for the team nearest their parent's new domicile or returning to their former team.
  - 1. The enrollment of the high school the player attends on March 31, 2013 shall be counted.
  - 2. Written permission to play for their previous team must be obtained from the department baseball chairman prior to listing the player on National Form #1.
- **H.** Home-Schooled Players. A player who is home-schooled may compete for the team nearest their parents' or guardian's legal domicile. To determine the nearest team, use the shortest driving distance as calculated by MapQuest.
  - 1. Written permission for such competition must be obtained from the authorized department baseball official prior to listing the player on National Form #1.

- 2. Enrollment figures for such a player shall be that of the high school boundary of his parent's domicile.
- I. New Team Formation. In the event a new Legion team is formed that is closer to a player's parents' domicile, that player has a one-time option of playing with the team for which he last played or for the new team.
  - 1. The department baseball chairman, prior to listing the player on National Form #1, must grant written permission.
  - 2. The enrollment shall be added to the team's total enrollment.

## **PROTESTS** RULE 5

- **A. Protest Procedures.** All department baseball committees shall, in their rules, define procedures for filing protests. This rule will specify how protests are to be filed, time limits, fees (if any), and with whom protests are to be filed.
- **B.** Written Proof. All protests of player eligibility must be specific, with written proof. All protests shall be filed with the department in accordance with department baseball rules. All protests must indicate the specific rule that is alleged to have been violated.
- **C.** Forfeitures. If a player is ruled ineligible, he shall be disqualified immediately and all games in which the disqualified player participated shall be forfeited.
- **D.** Game Protest. Protests of Official Baseball Rules during actual game conditions must be filed with the umpire-in-chief before the next legal pitch.
- **E.** Appeals to National Headquarters. All protests involving player eligibility and filed with the National Appeals Board must be sent via the department chairman. (See Rule 10.)

## **TEAM AND PLAYER CERTIFICATION** RULE 6

A. Player and Team Registration. American Legion Baseball teams must register with their department baseball committee online at www.legion.org/baseball. All teams shall register online between January 1 and May 15. Any team that fails to register by May 15 shall pay an additional \$200 to the department. Any team that fails to register by June 1 shall not be permitted to play during the season.

#### Clarification

The American Legion will continue to utilize the online web registration program. Team managers shall register their teams via the Web. The team must be approved by the department. All players wishing to play American Legion Baseball must complete National Form #2. That form must be signed by the player and a parent. It must be fully completed and typed, and filed with the department by the registration deadline determined by the department. The department baseball chairman must certify the team before the department closing date.

- **B.** National Online Registration. American Legion Baseball players must enroll on the Player Roster of Eligibility via www.legion.org/baseball. This form must be completely filled out to include each player's full name and the address of their parents' permanent legal domicile.
- **C.** National Form #2. All players, their parents or court-approved legal guardians must complete Player Agreement and Parent's Consent Form #2. The team manager will retain the original Form #2. The copy must be filed with the department baseball chairman. Any team or player who fails to complete and file Form #2 shall be disqualified from any further play.

**D. Dual Participation.** During the regular season, American Legion Baseball players or teams may participate in other amateur baseball programs; however, the team manager and the player must obtain written approval from the department baseball chairman prior to participating in the event and/or tournament.

#### Clarification

Dual participation shall in no way interfere with a player's responsibility to his American Legion Baseball team. Once tournament play has begun (district tournament up and through the American Legion World Series), the department baseball chairman cannot grant permission to participate in non-Legion sanctioned baseball events, baseball tournaments, exhibition games, showcases or combines.

The American Legion believes team loyalty is a key ingredient for any team sport. Any American Legion Baseball player missing any portion of an American Legion tournament because he participated in another non-sanctioned baseball event such as an exhibition game, tournament showcase, combine or other youth programs shall be ineligible for post-season tournament play.

- E. Players Per Team. No American Legion team may have more than 18 registered players after June 30 or once National Form #1 is registered with the department. Each team must register before the department closing date. A member of the post should have charge of the team as manager, except in the case of outside sponsorship. A non-Legionnaire may serve as coach.
  - 2. In cases of death, a player may be replaced on National Form #1.
  - 3. A player may be replaced if that player is placed on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces following the submission of the certified National Form #1.

**Note:** American Legion Baseball insurance provides coverage for all players who try out, practice or play in exhibition games; however, once the regular season has begun, only those players listed on the national electronic roster shall be covered.

F. Non-American Legion Post Sponsorship. Non-Legion (outside) sponsorship is permissible, subject to the approval and supervision of the department baseball committee and as long as the American Legion Baseball definition of "sponsorship" is followed.

## SPORTSMANSHIP & CONDUCT RULE 7

- A. Conduct. Managers, coaches or players who, in the opinion of the department chairman or his representative, conduct themselves in an unsportsmanlike manner that would discredit this program may be removed by the department baseball committee. The department baseball committee's decision will be final.
- **B.** Heckling. No player, coach, manager or other party associated with an American Legion Baseball team shall abuse, heckle or make uncomplimentary remarks to opposing players, team officials or umpires. The umpire shall immediately eject from the game any individuals violating this regulation.
- **C. Sportsmanship.** Any player, coach, manager or other party accompanying a team will be ejected from the game from the time of the infraction if they:
  - 1. Use profane language.
  - 2. Throw bats or other equipment.
  - 3. Make unnecessary or obscene gestures to umpires, fans or opposing players.
  - 4. Commit unnecessary roughness on the playing field.

- **D.** Reinstatement. Any player, coach or manager suspended from a game in tournament play by an umpire for unsportsmanlike conduct is suspended for the remainder of the tournament unless reinstated by the tournament director. The tournament director's decision is final.
- E. Ejection from the Ballpark. Any player, coach or manager ejected by an umpire must leave the ballpark.

## **DEPARTMENT JURISDICTION** RULE 8

- A. Department Rules and Regulations. It is the duty of the department (state) baseball committee to formulate rules and regulations that are not in conflict with national rules.
  - 1. Department recruiting rules may be more restrictive than national rules.
  - 2. Department rules will include procedure for protests. (The protection and stimulation of competition must be used in setting these regulations.)
  - 3. A copy of the department rules must be filed with National Headquarters before April 15, 2013. Departments are encouraged to email a copy of their rules to baseball@legion.org.
- **B.** Department Rulings. The department baseball committee shall decide all questions, disputes and protests within a department. The department baseball committee shall have the authority to disqualify or suspend anyone violating a department or national rule.
- **C.** National Player Eligibility Rule Interpretations. The National Americanism and Children & Youth Division shall make interpretations of national rules.
  - 1. All requests for interpretations must be in writing and routed through the appropriate department baseball chairman or department adjutant. Telegrams, e-mail and fax copies are considered written requests. Failure to follow this procedure may result in suspensions and/or forfeiture of fees.

## SENIOR NATIONAL TOURNAMENTS RULE 9

A. National Tournament Registration. The department championship team must be certified to the National Americanism Commission by the authorized department baseball official no later than midnight August 4, 2013.

**Note:** National Headquarters will only be financially responsible for a maximum of 18 players and two adults who are included on National Form #1.

- **B.** National Competition. Tournament competition is open only to American Legion teams that have registered with the department baseball committee online at www.legion.org/baseball. The Department Baseball Committee is responsible for approving the team's national online registration.
- **C.** National Tournament Supervision. All national tournaments will be played under the supervision of the National Americanism Commission. All disputes and questions shall be referred to the national tournament director. Any situation not specifically covered by national rules or regulations will be referred to the National Americanism and Children & Youth Division, whose decision shall be final.
- **D.** National Tournament Player Eligibility Protest. Eligibility protests of players involved in national tournaments must bear written proof of ineligibility and must be filed with the national tournament director at each such tournament no later than 9 a.m. local time on the first day of the tournament involved, except upon discovery of fraud. When fraud is discovered, the eligibility protest and a written description of the alleged fraud must be filed immediately. All other protests shall be filed as specified in the Official Baseball Rules.

- E. National Tournament Play. Teams competing in national tournaments will play every day.
  - 1. The national tournament director has complete instructions concerning double-elimination.
  - 2. No national tournament games will begin after 11 p.m. local time.
- F. Regional Tournament Host. No regional host team shall be denied the opportunity of participating in tournaments leading up to the regional tournament. Nor shall any team hosting a department or national regional tournament refuse to participate in any such tournament.

#### Clarification

The host team for a department or national regional tournament is mandated to participate in the district and/or state tournament until such time as the team is eliminated from competition. Host teams will not be permitted to rest their team to avoid creating an unfair advantage at either a department or national regional tournament.

- **G.** Tournament Photographs. Each department baseball championship team is required to furnish National Headquarters and the local regional tournament chairman a high-quality glossy (color) photograph via www.legion.org/baseball.
- **H.** Department Championship Play. No department may enter a team in a national tournament without first conducting an official department tournament that had two or more certified teams participating.
  - 1. At least eight **senior** teams must be officially registered in regular season play for a department to enter a team in a national tournament.
- I. Artificial Noisemakers Prohibited. The National Americanism Commission has an established policy that prohibits artificial noisemakers at all times. Fans who operate artificial noisemakers will be asked not to do so. A second warning will result in those fans being removed from the stands.
- J. Suspended Games. Suspended games will be completed from the point of suspension.
  - 1. When games are suspended on one day and completed the following day, the pitching records shall be charged as played the previous day.
  - 2. The pitcher will be charged for innings pitched on the first day. Innings pitched on the following day will also be charged to the day. One appearance will be charged unless pitchers change.
  - 3. A suspended game completed on the following day will not count toward two games in Rule 1.I. These teams can still play an additional two full games.
- K. Minimum Active Players. Teams competing in ALB senior national tournaments must have 12 players available for participation at a national tournament. Teams with fewer than 12 players are permitted to transfer up to three players registered on their affiliated Junior American Legion Baseball team roster to the senior team. Any players transferred from junior team to senior team must be approved and certified by the department baseball chairman. The junior roster must be registered with the national office by June 30. Any senior team that does not have 12 players will forfeit their right to participate, and the National Americanism Division in consultation with the department baseball chairman shall determine a suitable replacement team. This rule shall not apply to host teams at national regional tournaments.

## **NATIONAL BASEBALL APPEALS BOARD** RULE 10

- A. National Appeals Board. There is a National Baseball Appeals Board (hereafter referred to as "the Board") composed of (1) the chairman of the National Americanism Commission, (2) the chairman of the Baseball and Recreation Subcommittee, and (3) a third member appointed by the chairman of the National Americanism Commission. The chairman shall also appoint two alternate members. The term of office for board members and alternate members shall be one year.
- **B.** Time Limit. An appeal filed under this rule must be made within 24 hours of the time when the rule interpretation of the National Americanism and Children & Youth Division is issued. Such appeal may be made by telegram, fax, e-mail or mail-a-gram and shall state the precise points of contention that are the basis for the appeal. If an appeal is not filed within 24 hours to the National Americanism and Children & Youth Division, an interpretation will not be considered.
- **C. Filing An Appeal.** All appeals must be in writing and addressed to The American Legion, National Baseball Appeals Board, 700 N. Pennsylvania St., Indianapolis, IN 46204. Faxes and e-mail protests are acceptable when sent in by the department baseball chairman or department adjutant. The National Headquarters fax number is (317) 630-1369, and the program's email address is **baseball@ legion.org.**
- D. Final Authority. The Board shall have sole jurisdiction over any appeal filed following a decision involving American Legion Baseball rule interpretations rendered by the National Americanism and Children & Youth Division. The decision of the Board shall be final and may be enforced by a court of law. The concurrence of a majority of the members of the Board shall constitute the ruling by the Board.
- **E.** Approved Interpretations. During tournaments supervised by National Headquarters, the Board shall approve interpretations rendered by the National Americanism and Children & Youth Division before publication of the interpretation.
- F. Appeal Procedure. No appeal shall be considered by the Board until all established appeal procedures within the respective department's rules have been exhausted, as certified in writing by the department baseball chairman.

## AMERICAN LEGION BASEBALL DEFINITIONS

**BASE SCHOOL:** A public or private high school that will serve as the starting point to recruit players, if eligible. When a player's parent's domicile is located within a base school boundary, that base school is considered the nearest team.

**CERTIFIED BIRTH RECORD:** A document issued by the State Bureau of Vital Statistics, or other authorized state or federal government office, that lists the player's date and place of birth. This document usually has a raised state seal, and there is usually a fee to obtain a copy.

#### Clarification

- A state-issued ID or state-issued driver's license that is in compliance with the Federal Real ID law is acceptable.
- A U.S. passport (or any U.S. government-issued documentation) qualifies as an acceptable record of birth.
- Notarized birth certificates or hospital certificates are not acceptable proof of age for American Legion Baseball.

**CERTIFICATION:** A written document or act validating what has or has not been done. Certifying a department champion or runner-up does not qualify a team for national competition if an ineligible player is discovered. When certifying the department champion or runner-up, the authorized department official is attesting to the fact that a department tournament was held in accordance with national and department baseball rules. An authorized baseball official, in certifying a team entry form, is attesting to the fact that National Form #1 was registered with the chairman on or before the date required by the department rules. This does not guarantee that the team is eligible for league or tournament play.

**COMBINED TOTAL ENROLLMENT:** The entire enrollment on March 31, 2013, of all students in the 10th, 11th and 12th grades of those schools from which players are recruited for one team. This shall include all male, female, special education, physically challenged and bilingual students enrolled on March 31, 2013.

**COUNTY:** A subdivision of the district. County chairmen may prescribe rules if approved by the department baseball committee.

**DEPARTMENT BASEBALL OFFICIAL:** A volunteer appointed or elected to oversee and supervise the department baseball program within a given department.

**DEPARTMENT CLOSING DATE:** A specific date by which a team must have their online roster and other documentation registered with the proper department baseball official. The date is determined by the department baseball committee and published in the department rule book. This date must be set prior to any league game. Insurance coverage is only afforded to those players listed on the roster once regular season games begin.

**DEPARTMENT:** The American Legion is a nonprofit veterans organization with 55 departments or subdivisions (one in each state, plus Puerto Rico, France, Mexico, the Philippines and the District of Columbia). Each department is an independently operated subdivision of The American Legion, with its own constitution and bylaws.

DISTRICT: A subdivision of the department. Several districts make up the department.

**DISTRICT BASEBALL CHAIRMAN:** An individual appointed or elected to oversee and supervise the district baseball program, under the general rules and regulations of the department baseball committee. District chairmen may prescribe rules if approved by the department baseball committee.

DIVISION OR ZONE CHAIRMAN: A subdivision, as authorized by the department constitution and bylaws. As noted earlier, an individual Legionnaire may be authorized as a volunteer agent of the

department organization to help administer the baseball program in their area. Division or zone chairmen may prescribe rules if approved by the department baseball committee.

**LEGAL PERMANENT DOMICILE:** A player's legal domicile shall be the same domicile of his parents or permanent court appointed guardian's domicile. This definition means living in a particular locality with intent to make it a fixed and permanent home. A post office box does not qualify as a domicile.

**NOTARIZED DOCUMENTS:** Adoption, divorce or legal separation papers, if notarized, are acceptable documents for determining a player's domicile as of March 31.

**PERMANENT COURT-APPOINTED GUARDIAN:** An individual appointed by a court for a minor, due to the loss of or incapacity of the natural parents and until attainment of full age. Temporary guardianship is not acceptable in American Legion Baseball, unless the courts have determined the parents incapable of supervision and care of the minor, or the parents are deceased.

**REGISTERED TEAM:** Any team that has properly filed the necessary documents and purchased the proper liability and medical insurance as required by the national and department rules.

**SPONSORSHIP:** The American Legion post is always recognized as the primary and exclusive sponsor, regardless of financial support of the team. A support group, booster club, company, private association or corporation is recognized as a financial supporter for a local American Legion team. Those teams that do not have a post sponsorship shall come under the sponsorship of the department or district baseball committee having jurisdiction over team discipline. An outside supporter or co-sponsor has no legal jurisdiction over a team. The American Legion post or department baseball committee that sponsors any team retains the exclusive legal sponsorship of the team.

TECHNICAL OR VOCATIONAL SCHOOL: A tax-supported institution for secondary education.

**TOTAL ENROLLMENT:** The entire enrollment of one high school of all students in 10th, 11th and 12th grades. This includes all male, female, special education, physically challenged and bilingual students enrolled on March 31, 2013.

**TRANSFER:** A written document that provides a means of transferring a player from one team to another. Transfers are valid from January 1 thru December 31 of the current season, as long as the player does not have a change of address or a change of school. Any change in parent's residency or a change in schools voids the transfer and will require the player to re-qualify in accordance with the existing rules (see Rule 4.D). Transfers require tryout and release by the team manager or American Legion post commander in consultation with the team manager.

#### Clarification

Players who qualify under Rule 2.B.2 (divorced parent's rule) and Rule 4.C (option rule) are not eligible for transfer (Form #76) once they have competed with an American Legion team, unless that team fails to exist or if either parent has a new permanent change of address.

**ZONE:** A specific territory determined on a map, by the authorized department baseball official, for recruiting players under Plan A.

## AMERICAN LEGION BASEBALL CASE SECTION

For 88 years, The American Legion's nationwide youth baseball program has provided millions of players a unique opportunity to learn the importance of teamwork, loyalty, discipline, leadership and good sportsmanship.

The purpose of American Legion Baseball has always been to help develop America's youth – our nation's future leaders. The American Legion hopes each manager and coach will follow the same philosophy as they interact with their players.

The department (state) baseball committee has tremendous authority and jurisdiction within its state. In 99 percent of all problems and protests, the department baseball committee is the final ruling authority. The department baseball committee must comply with a National Appeals Board ruling, but the department baseball committee does have the authority to adopt more restrictive recruiting rules. The department baseball committee is comprised of volunteer members and is responsible to protect the safety of the players and fans, as well as to ensure the integrity of the program. These volunteers are charged with ensuring fair competition, setting up tournament play, establishing state rules and operating procedures, and handling interpretations and protests. The committee does all this year-round with no pay and little thanks.

"A team is where a boy can prove his courage on his own. A gang is where a coward goes to hide."

Mickey Mantle, one of the greatest players in U.S. baseball history

## RULE 1

One of the unique characteristics of American Legion Baseball, especially in national tournaments, is that American Legion Baseball follows Official Baseball Rules with few modifications. From time to time, local rules and department (state) rules have been modified for league play; however, during tournament play (district tournament and above), American Legion teams follow Official Baseball Rules, except those changes authorized by the National Americanism Commission. These modifications are safety rules, which are addressed in wood, metal, ceramic, and graphite bats, 1.A; blood, 1.B; catcher's equipment, 1.C; first-aid kits, 1.I; pitching limits, 1.O; tobacco, 1.Q; and the slide rule, 1.F and 1.G, all of which are not addressed by Official Baseball Rules. The National Americanism Commission traditionally adopts various safety rules used by NCAA. For player safety, coaches, umpires and American Legion tournament officials are instructed to enforce these rules throughout the season.

**1.L** – Teams interested in playing American Legion Baseball must have liability and accident insurance in force prior to the first practice or team try out. The American Legion National Executive Committee has mandated that insurance must be purchased from the agent of record for The American Legion, which is S.A. Van Dyk, Inc. Specific questions concerning insurance coverage must be directed to the agent of record directly at 1-800-323-7326.

Any team (junior or senior) that wishes to play American Legion Baseball must purchase insurance from the agent of record, S.A. Van Dyk, Inc. (1-800-323-7326 or see advertisement in this rule book) prior to registering with the department baseball committee.

## RULE 2

2.A – January 1 is the universal cut-off date observed by the U.S. Olympic Committee. The American Legion will observe a January 1 cut-off date. If a player was born in 1993, that player is not eligible for Senior Legion Baseball. A player born in 1995 or 1994 is not eligible for Junior Legion Baseball. Players born in 2001 or earlier are not eligible to play American Legion Baseball.

**2.B** – Since 1925, American Legion eligibility has always been tied to the team nearest the parent's domicile or the school the player attends, provided the team complies with all other rules. If he is 18 or older, the player's domicile or emancipation status has no bearing on that player's eligibility. If a player wishes to play American Legion Baseball, that player and the parents must comply with our domicile rules. The American Legion recruiting rules do not permit a temporary domicile, post office box, or address of a relative, nor do our rules allow temporary guardianship. The American Legion does allow a player, if eligible under all the rules, to try out for the team nearest to the player's parent's legal domicile or the school that player attends. A player who graduated from high school in 2012 must have appeared on the 2012 roster and must play for the Legion team he played for in 2012. The Legion team shall count the enrollment of the high school last attended by this player.

**2.B.2** – If a player's parents are legally divorced by a court having jurisdiction over such matters, The American Legion allows that player to make a choice of which team that player wants to play for. The player must decide which team he/she wishes to play for: the team nearest the mother's or father's domicile. Players are not allowed to change teams the following year. The enrollment of the player's school shall be counted. We recommend the player and his coach write a letter of declaration to the state chairman in advance. If a player fails to declare, the address listed in his first year of eligibility will be used as his declaration.

**2.E** – If the birth certificate is produced and bears a seal of the State Bureau of Vital Statistics or federal government agency, The American Legion will accept that document. A driver's license that meets the federal Real ID law is now acceptable; however, hospital and baptismal records are not acceptable. Players or coaches who need to obtain an official birth certificate should contact the Bureau of Vital Statistics. Information is listed online at **www.legion.org/baseball**. Requests for birth certificates should be sent early since many states require four to six weeks to process and provide such documentation. The American Legion requires a government-produced document. The two documents that cause players to be declared ineligible are hospital certificates and photocopies of birth certificates that have been notarized.

**2.E.2** – The American Legion will accept a document issued by a U. S. government agency or a foreigngovernment-issued birth certificate if that document is an original or has a raised seal or stamp with an English translation. The American Legion will accept documents from any federal government agency.

"Every day is a new opportunity. You can build on yesterday's success or put its failures behind and start over again. That's the way life is, with a new game every day, and that's the way baseball is."

Bob Feller, former American Legion Baseball player and MLB pitcher

## RULE 3

Zoning of cities, counties, school districts or even states is common practice where outside influence such as cross-town busing and open enrollment make Plan B recruiting rules difficult. The National Americanism Commission suggests that teams wishing to establish Plan A zoning work with other coaches in their area or league, as well as with department and district baseball committees, to establish fair and equal zones.

Establishing a Plan A zone is not difficult. Below is an example where four zones were formed. The coaches within this league proposed the boundaries or zones. The number of zones, or teams, were determined by adding the enrollment of all schools, both private and public, and dividing the total enrollment by 5,000. The team managers then drew four boundaries. The map with agreed-to boundaries must be reviewed by the department baseball committee and the National Baseball and Recreation Subcommittee. The key to setting up a zone is to add the total enrollment of all schools and divide by 5,000. This establishes the number of zones within the area. Under Plan A, teams **do not** use a base school but are assigned a specific territory or area from which to recruit players. Territories or zones cannot overlap into another team's territory.

On the Plan A map (page 27), the four team managers agree to follow the existing high school boundaries as near as possible. It is not necessary to follow high school boundary lines, but the practice is strongly recommended.

Teams may only recruit players whose parent's legal domicile is located within the zone. Transfers are permitted only if the combined zone enrollments do not exceed 5,000. The department baseball committee and the National Americanism Commission must approve all new zoning or rezoning by April 15 of that year.

**Note:** Plan A recruiting and Plan B recruiting are neither compatible nor interchangeable. The domicile of the parents shall determine if a player is eligible under Plan A or Plan B. For example, if a player lives in a territory that follows Plan B rules but attends a school that is under Plan A, he cannot play for the school he attends. Teams under Plan A are only able to recruit players whose parents live within that zone. Since the player does not live within the Plan A zone, he must return home to play if he is eligible under Plan B rules. This is also true for players living in a Plan A zone and attending a school under Plan B jurisdiction. Players who live in a Plan A zone and attend a school outside their zone must return home and play for their "zone" team. The parents' domicile determines where the player is eligible to play. Waivers or transfers are not permitted between Plan A and Plan B teams. Transfers are only permitted from Plan A to Plan A or Plan B to Plan B teams.

"The way a team plays as a whole determines its success. You may have the greatest bunch of individual stars in the world, but if they don't play together, the club won't be worth a dime."

Babe Ruth, former American Legion Baseball consultant

## PLAN A MAP



"Finding good players is easy. Getting them to play as a team is another story."

Casey Stengel, Major League Baseball outfielder and manager

## PLAN B BASE MAP 1



school, that base school is "locked in," unless special written permission is requested and granted by the department (state) baseball chairman to change base schools. On rare occasions, teams are permitted to share a base school if the department baseball chairman grants permission. The National Americanism Commission strongly discourages the practice of two or more teams sharing a base school. An American Legion post may sponsor more than one team, and several posts can sponsor a single team.

4.B – This rule affects every player, and it prioritizes those players that a team can recruit:

determining player eligibility. Once a team has established a base

1. Players who attend the team's base school.

2. Players who attend a nearby school or their parent's domicile is nearest the team's base school (non-base school players).

## PLAN B BASE MAP 2



Starting with the base school, team managers may recruit additional players from nearby high schools. Coaches must be aware of their recruiting boundaries. The manager must be aware of other Legion teams, their base schools and their recruiting areas.

Whenever a team selects a player, the team shall count the enrollment of the high school that player attended on March 31. If college or university players are selected, the team will treat these players as if they were still in high school and count the enrollment of their previous high school. The high school from which they graduated will be listed on National Electronic Form #1 (do not list the college or university).

In the Plan B map, the three Legion teams have selected a base school. From this starting point, these teams may extend out and recruit additional players, provided the team does not exceed 5,000 in total enrollment of 10th, 11th and 12th grades. Base maps 1 and 2 illustrate different base schools. These maps show the importance of how the selection of a base school can change recruiting boundaries. It is important to remember that teams must request permission from the department (state) baseball committee to change base schools.

As demonstrated, the selection of the base school is critical and must be approved in writing by the department (state) baseball committee.

Private/parochial school

## PLAN B NON-BASE SCHOOL PLAYERS MAP



On the recruiting non-base school players map (above), a line is drawn from the player's home to the base schools. Even though some players

attend the same school, they are required to try out for two different Legion teams. The best examples are the two players who live in City High School District. Because there are two nearby base schools, these players will try out for two different teams. Teams 1 and 3 shall be charged with the full enrollment of City High, which is 802. No partial enrollment or shared enrollment is permitted. Each team shall be charged with the full enrollment. As shown on the recruiting non-base school players map, each team is given an area to select players who are attending nearby schools. For a team to select a player from another team's area or base school requires a transfer. If no transfer is granted, those players are ineligible to play.



two nearby base schools (noted by yellow blocks). The MapQuest website has determined the nearest team is North Salem High School, which is 0.55 miles closer than South Salem High School. The shortest driving distance as determined by MapQuest will determine the nearest team for all non-base school

4.A, 4.B, 4.B.1, 4.B.2, 4.B.3, 4.B.4, 4.B.5 - Rule 4 is the primary guideline for recruiting. We have highlighted some of the important aspects of recruiting players outside of the base school.

Below is an example of combining schools and changing combinations of schools. Note that the base schools (West, Eisenhower and East high schools) are locked-in and can only be changed with written permission from the chairman. Rule 4.A.2 requires the team manager to get written permission from the department baseball chairman prior to recruiting players from a different combination of schools.

2011 team combina	atio	ns						
Team 1			Team 2			Team 3		
West HS (Base School)	5	1,808	Eisenhower HS (Base)	6	1,618	East HS (Base)	8	1,611
Camden Catholic HS	6	297	Pleasant Grove HS	6	901	Northeast HS	4	1,511
City High HS	5	802	Greenwood HS	4	626	Center Grove HS	3	699
West Branch HS	1	1,118	St. John Catholic HS	1	299	City High HS	3	802
Center Grove HS	1	699	Johnson Co. Voc. HS	1	656	, ,		
Total	18	4,724	Total	18	4,100	Total	18	4,623

2012 team combin	atio	ons						
Team 1			Team 2			Team 3		
West HS (Base School)	11	1,808	Eisenhower HS (Base)	) 5	1,618	East HS (Base)	11	1,611
Camden Catholic HS	1	297	Pleasant Grove HS	3	901	City High HS	3	802
City High HS	1	802	Southeast HS*	5	698	Northeast HS	2	1,511
Greenwood HS*	3	626	Southwest HS*	5	711	Pleasant Grove I	HS* 2	901
St. John Catholic HS*	1	299						
Johnson Co. Voc. HS*	1	656						
Total	18	4,488	Total	18	3,928	Total	18	4,825

\* Denotes new school added to different combinations of schools for team in 2012. Department baseball chairmen must approve prior to placing player on National Form #1. Permission is not necessary to drop a school, only to add a new school.

The majority of players do not need to be from the base school unless department rules require it.

Plan B allows your team the flexibility to change school combinations to recruit nearby players. It is important to note that teams can only recruit players who attend or live closest to their base school. Players who live near another base school's territory are required to try out for the nearest Legion team, and if cut, they may transfer to the next closest team.

**4.C. 4.C.1, 4.C.1.a** – The purpose of this rule is to allow players who attend a high school outside the team's recruiting territory to have an option to return home and play for the teams nearest their parents' domiciles, or to play for teams nearest the schools they attend. For example, a player attends a private boarding school several states away. In this situation, The American Legion provides a player the option to play for the Legion team nearest the school he attends or for the team nearest the parent's domicile. This rule also applies to players who attend any public or private school located outside their team's recruiting territory. This rule gives those players an option, with an understanding that once a decision is made, then the player and the parents are bound by their decision for the 2013 season.

There are two critical issues involved with this rule:

- 1. The player's school enrollment will be added to the total enrollment.
- 2. The player must complete a Declaration Form #77 and understand that such election is for the 2013 season, provided the player does not change residency or schools.

The map on page 33 demonstrates this rule. Player A lives in the Eisenhower High School boundary (Team 2) but attends Camden Catholic High School. Player A has an option of playing for Team 2 (team nearest his parent's domicile) or Team 1 (team nearest the school he attends). The player must declare that decision on Form #77 and have permission from the department (state) baseball chairman prior to being placed on National Form #1.

No matter which team player A plays for, that team shall count the enrollment of the high school (Camden Catholic) the player attends.

Player B lives in the Greenwood High School boundary and also attends Camden Catholic High School. Player B does not have an option to play for Team 2. Since the school he attends and his parent's domicile are within Team 1's recruiting area, Player B must play for Team 1. Player B does not need to complete National Form #77.

**4.D** – **Transfer Rule, 4.D.1, 4.D.2, 4.D.3, 4.D.4** – Following are key points to keep in mind when seeking a transfer:

- The player **must try out for the nearest team** in accordance with the rules. If a player fails to try out, that player is not entitled to transfer to the next nearest team. Note: Some department baseball committees prohibit transfers or restrict transfers within the department boundaries or across state lines, which is within the department baseball committee's authority.
- Any transfer in which a player crosses a state boundary requires prior approval of both department baseball chairmen (Transfer Form #76).
- Transfers are valid from January 1 through December 31 of the current season only.
- The player's high school enrollment will always be counted. Players who are no longer in high school (college players) are not eligible to be transferred. The team will count enrollment of the high school that player last attended.
- To determine the next team, use the shortest driving distance as calculated by MapQuest. A post commander or post athletic officer, who has supervisory authority over the team and coaches, can also sign a transfer form.

## PLAN B OPTION RULE MAP



• Non-college players who try out for and fail to make the nearest team can request to transfer to the second closest team to the parents' domicile. If cut again, that player may try out for the third closest team until such time the player is able to play for a team. The enrollment of the high school a player attends on March 31 shall be counted. In theory, a player can be cut from a team in Maine and play for a team in Washington; however, that player must obtain release or transfer forms from 5,400 other teams that are nearer. If a player fails to obtain a release (Transfer Form #76), that player shall be declared ineligible and all games in which that player participated shall be forfeited.

 Sase school

 Public school

 Private/parochial school

 Residence

Note: Some department baseball committees prohibit transfers or restrict transfers within the department boundaries or across state lines, which is within the department baseball committee's authority.

**4.E** – School Enrollment Expansion, **4.E.1**, **4.E.2** – This rule allows players on last year's roster to finish their Legion Baseball careers, with their team when an increase in school enrollment occurs. Following are critical points in qualifying players under this rule:

- 1. Only players listed on the previous year's roster can qualify.
- 2. The team must have the same combination of schools. (If a team changes school combinations, players are no longer qualified under this rule.)
- 3. No new players can be recruited from the school or schools that are dropped.
- 4. Prior permission from the department baseball chairman is given.

2011 team			2012 team					
School	Enrollment	Players	School	Enrollment	Players			
East HS (Base)	1,611	5	East HS (Base)	1,611	5			
Northeast HS	1,511	6	Northeast HS	1,525	6			
City High HS	802	5	City High HS	889	6			
Pleasant Grove HS	901	2	Pleasant Grove HS	1,000	1			
Total	4,825	18	Total	5,025	18			
10tul	4,020	10		0,020				

In the example above, three school enrollments grew in population, causing the team to exceed the 5,000-enrollment cap. Those players who appeared on the 2011 roster may continue to play. However, this team must drop a school from its approved combination in 2012 and inform the department baseball chairman which school it is dropping from its approved combination. The team must seek written permission from the department baseball chairman to utilize those players who did appear on the 2011 roster and place an asterisk by those names and attach the letter of approval to National Form #1. No new players can be recruited from the dropped high school. In the example above, the team would probably drop the Pleasant Grove High School and "grandfather" the single player since Team 3 recruits several players from the other schools.

**4.F** – **Change of Address Rule, 4.F.1, 4.F.2** – This rule allows a player whose parents have moved and established a new permanent domicile to play for the nearest team. Enrollment of the school that player attended on March 31 shall be counted. The intent is clear: if the parents move and establish a new permanent domicile, the player is permitted to play for the team from the new location. The player's eligibility is tied to his parent's domicile, not to the player's domicile, as is the case with many college and university players. Department baseball officials have been advised that temporary leases, short-term rentals and post office boxes are not permanent domiciles. Department baseball chairmen can request additional evidence as proof of this permanent change of domicile. Teams must seek permission from the department baseball chairman prior to placing the player on National Form #1.

**Rule 4.G – Final Year of Eligibility, 4.G.1, 4.G.2** – Senior Legion Baseball players who have one year of eligibility remaining, and whose parents move out of the team's recruiting area, shall have an option of playing for the team nearest their parent's new domicile or returning to their former team. This rule shall not apply to Junior Legion Baseball teams.

- 1. The enrollment of the high school the player attends on March 31, 2013, shall be counted.
- 2. Written permission to play for his previous team must be obtained from the department baseball chairman prior to listing the player on National Form #1.

"There are three types of baseball players: those who make it happen, those who watch it happen, and those who wonder what happens."

Tommy Lasorda, former Major League Baseball player and manager

**Rule 4.H – Home-School Player –** Rule 4.H provides explanation as to enrollment that will be counted for home-schooled players. To ensure parity in the program, The American Legion requires the team to count the enrollment of the nearest public school. For example, player C is home schooled and wishes to play American Legion Baseball. Player C lives in the Northeast High School boundary. Team 3 will count the Northeast High School enrollment as well as the base school enrollment (East High School).

**Rule 4.I – New Team Formation –** This rule provides instructions when a new team is formed and a player's eligibility changes. For example, if a fourth team is started in the area and that team selects North High School as its base school, any player whose domicile is closer to North High School shall be eligible to try out for Team 4. If a player is listed on the previous team, this rule permits those players a one-time option of deciding to try out for Team 4 or to continue their eligibility with the previous team. The player needs to send a letter to the department baseball chairman informing the chairman of his final decision. This rule does not apply to existing teams that change their base school, only to players registered on 2012 existing teams.

Questions concerning any rule interpretations are to be directed either by the team manager or head coach to the department baseball chairman.



Since 1926, The American Legion and Major League Baseball have recognized the championship team of the American Legion World Series by inviting them to attend the Major League Baseball World Series. In 2012, the players and coaches of New Orleans Post 125 traveled to AT&T Park in San Francisco courtesy The American Legion, which covered the cost of game tickets, housing, meals and transportation for the team. MLB Senior Vice President Joe Torre, an American Legion Baseball alumnus, presented the team with the Commissioner's Award of Excellence.